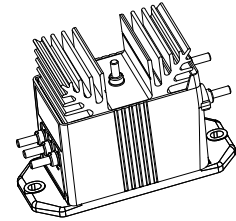


Voltage Transducer LV 100-500/SP6

For the electronic measurement of voltages: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic isolation between the primary circuit (high voltage) and the secondary circuit (electronic circuit).



$$V_{PN} = 500 \text{ V}$$



Electrical data

| | | | |
|----------|----------------------------------|--|------------------|
| V_{PN} | Primary nominal voltage rms | 500 | V |
| V_{PM} | Primary voltage, measuring range | 0 .. ± 750 | V |
| I_{PN} | Primary nominal current rms | 20 | mA |
| R_M | Measuring resistance | $R_{M \min}$ $R_{M \max}$ | |
| | with $\pm 15 \text{ V}$ | @ $\pm 500 \text{ V}_{\max}$ | 0 210 Ω |
| | | @ $\pm 750 \text{ V}_{\max}$ | 0 100 Ω |
| | with $\pm 24 \text{ V}$ | @ $\pm 500 \text{ V}_{\max}$ | 0 410 Ω |
| | | @ $\pm 750 \text{ V}_{\max}$ | 0 210 Ω |
| I_{SN} | Secondary nominal current rms | 50 | mA |
| K_N | Conversion ratio | 500 V : 50 mA | |
| V_C | Supply voltage ($\pm 5 \%$) | $\pm 15 \dots 24$ | V |
| I_C | Current consumption | < 37 (@ $\pm 24 \text{ V}$) + I_S | mA |

Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

| | | | |
|--------------|--|---------------------|---------------|
| X_G | Overall accuracy @ V_{PN} , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | ± 0.9 | % |
| ϵ_L | Linearity error | < 0.1 | % |
| I_O | Offset current @ $I_P = 0$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | Typ Max | mA |
| I_{OT} | Temperature variation of I_O - $40^\circ\text{C} \dots + 70^\circ\text{C}$ | ± 0.4 ± 1.0 | mA |
| t_r | Response time to 90 % of V_{PN} step | 90 | μs |

General data

| | | | |
|-------|--|----------------|------------------|
| T_A | Ambient operating temperature | - 40 .. + 70 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| T_S | Ambient storage temperature | - 50 .. + 85 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| N_P | Turns ratio | 5000 : 2000 | |
| P | Total primary power loss | 10 | W |
| R_1 | Primary resistance @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | 25 | k Ω |
| R_S | Secondary coil resistance @ $T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$ | 55 | Ω |
| m | Mass | 790 | g |
| | Standards | EN 50155: 1995 | |

Features

- Closed loop (compensated) voltage transducer using Hall effect
- Isolated plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0
- Primary resistor R_1 incorporated within the housing.

Special features

- $V_C = \pm 15 \dots 24$ ($\pm 5 \%$) V
- $T_A = - 40^\circ\text{C} \dots + 70^\circ\text{C}$
- Connections to primary and secondary circuit on M5 threaded studs.

Advantages

- Excellent accuracy
- Very good linearity
- Low temperature drift
- Optimized response time
- Wide frequency bandwidth
- No insertion losses
- High immunity to external interference.

Applications

- Single or three phase inverter
- Propulsion and braking chopper
- Propulsion converter
- Auxiliary converter
- Battery charger.

Application Domain

- Traction.

Voltage Transducer LV 100-500/SP6

Isolation characteristics

| | | | |
|----------------------|---|-------|----|
| V_d | Rms voltage for AC isolation test, 50 Hz, 1 min | 6 | kV |
| | | Min | |
| dCp | Creepage distance | 55.12 | mm |
| dCl | Clearance distance | 27.9 | mm |
| CTI | Comparative Tracking Index (group I) | 600 | |

Safety



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply).

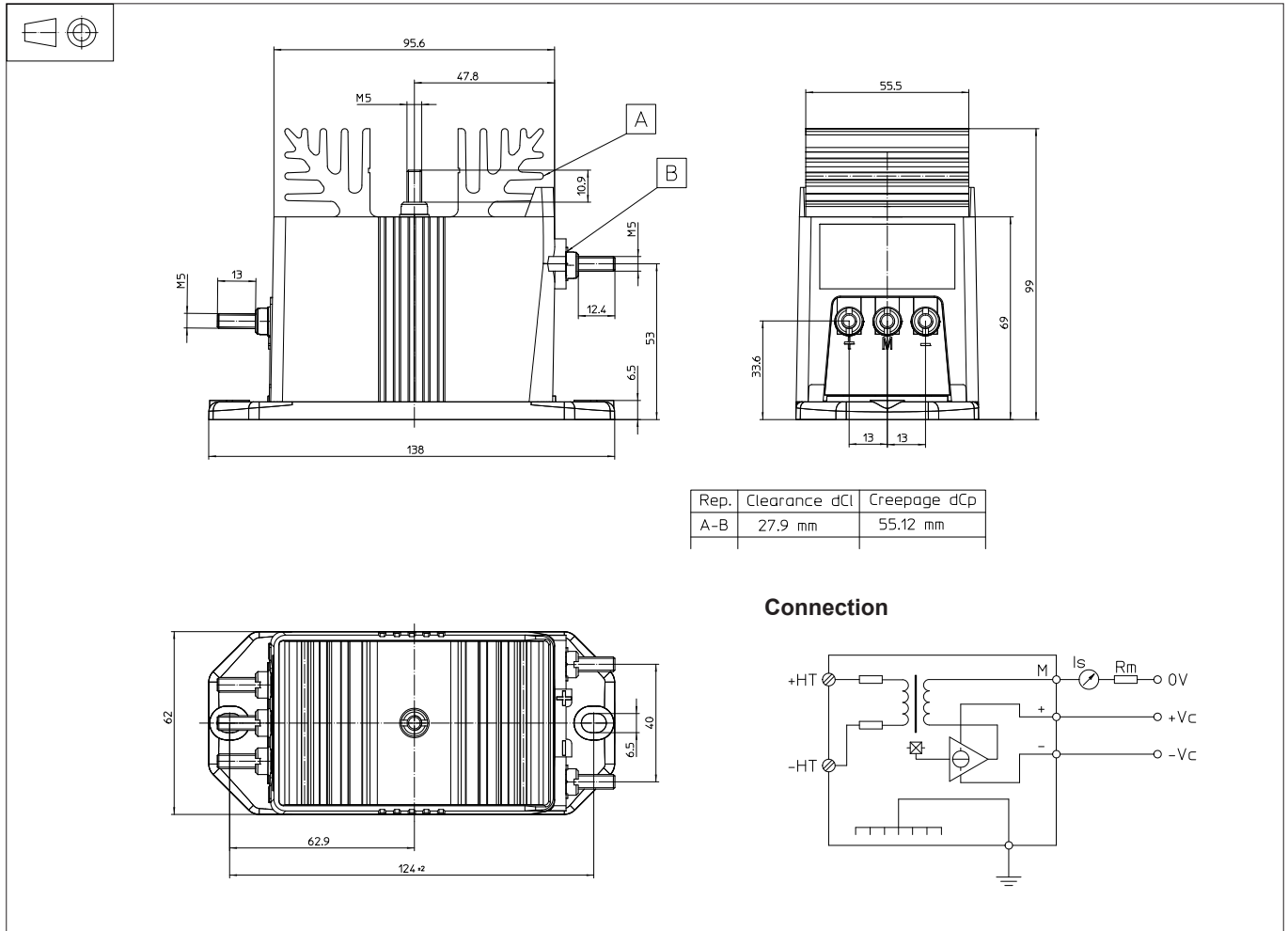
Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.

A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.

Dimensions LV 100-500/SP6 (in mm)



Mechanical characteristics

- General tolerance ± 0.3 mm
- Transducer fastening 2 holes $\varnothing 6.5$ mm,
2 M6 steel screws
Recommended fastening torque 5 Nm
- Connection of primary M5 threaded studs
- Connection of secondary M5 threaded studs
- Connection of ground M5 threaded stud
Recommended fastening torque 2.2 Nm

Remarks

- I_s is positive when V_p is applied on terminal +HT.
- The primary circuit of the transducer must be linked to the connections where the voltage has to be measured.